TeachME Professional Development

Building Safe and Healthy Schools

- 1. Which of these is not a direct educational benefit of a safe environment for students?
- A. Fewer occurrences of risky health behaviors (e.g., safe sex practices)
- B. Safe environments create more jobs in the security industry, which helps the American economy
- C. Reduced stressors for students, which can assist with positive mental health behaviors
- D. Less inter-student violence on school campuses
- 2. What types of training modules have certain states considered making mandatory for school personnel?
- A. Basic concepts in interdisciplinary sciences
- B. Internet awareness and communication
- C. Basic therapeutic techniques
- D. Training on racial biases, school climates, suicide prevention, and disability awareness
- 3. Which of these is, according to the CDC, an important component of a safe, healthy school?
- A. Updated, accessible, and helpful health services
- B. Aesthetic, calming colors in the hallways
- C. Reduced rigor in AP coursework
- D. Filtered water in every drinking fountain
- 4. Why is a partnership between a school and the local organizations in the area a good idea for school safety and health?
- A. Everyone would make more money
- B. This would actually require donations without recognition, so it wouldn't be a win for local organizations
- C. Schools could completely delegate responsibility for school safety
- D. The organizations would receive more name recognition, and the students would gain real-life benefits

- 5. Which of these is a benefit of increased physical fitness that might heighten student success?
- A. Enhanced fine motor skills
- B. Popularity
- C. Height and a healthy BMI
- D. An increased drive to succeed
- 6. When one Illinois school district ensured that all students received vision and dental screenings, what happened?
- A. Students started to score lower on their exams
- B. Zero students required interventions
- C. The number of misbehavior referrals that their school offices received decreased by 72%
- D. All of the students had cavities
- 7. Did COVID-19 cause all of the health and safety issues we are seeing in our schools?
- A. Yes, schools were doing pretty good before then
- B. No, it merely highlighted them
- C. COVID-19 caused safety issues but no health concerns
- D. COVID-19 had no effect on overall student wellness
- 8. The vast majority of United States public schools have implemented security measures which may include:
- A. Passcodes at every door
- B. Increased numbers of random fire drills
- C. Locked doors, security cameras, and random searches
- D. A mandatory diet plan
- 9. Which statement describes why safety is important for learning?
- A. Safety is one of the most foundational parts of Maslow's hierarchy of needs
- B. Safety is not related to learning
- C. Learning to be safe is the first thing a student should do
- D. It's the other way around—learning is important for safety
- 10. Teachers can work to create a nurturing school environment by:
- A. Setting lots of easy homework.
- B. Creating reliable classroom routines.

- C. Allowing children to do whatever they want in class.
- D. Providing healthy snacks.
- 11. One very easy example of a way that parents can help support schoolwide safety is:
- A. Volunteering in an amateur security tag team
- B. Attending school with their child
- C. Parents are not involved with school safety
- D. Always reading school emails
- 12. One of the most effective types of organizational and safety initiatives that schools can consider to invest in safety and wellness is:
- A. Establishing a school newsletter
- B. Asking students to behave better
- C. Turning to remote education
- D. Strategic and consistent professional development for all school staff
- 13. One key effort that a school may need to make to increase safety may include:
- A. Contrary to popular belief, getting rid of CCTV—the studies say it doesn't work
- B. Hiring mental health professionals and ensuring that students can access their services
- C. Ensuring that children exercise more
- D. There is no general recommendation in existence to help all schools increase safety
- 14. In one 2018 Pew Research Center study, teenagers at schools across the nation said that they saw which school safety initiative as effective and stress-reducing?
- A. Destroying all campus metal detectors
- B. Making sure teachers had access to mental health services
- C. Teenagers reported that they were overall satisfied with school safety as is
- D. Measures aimed at eliminating or controlling gun use
- 15. What is a student threat assessment program?
- A. A program that is staffed by professionals that are ready to help students heal from signs of potential illness or proclivities towards harmful behavior
- B. A workshop that students can attend to have a mentor assess their worries
- C. A safe space where students who have been threatened can recover
- D. punitive intervention system for those who have threatened others
- 16. What is the first step towards effectively assessing your school's safety and health

culture and climate?

- A. Identify the people who have the most authority and leadership at your school
- B. Implement ideas you read on the Internet at your school
- C. Make sure that your cafeteria has nutritious options
- D. Find a survey online that you can send to your students
- 17. What's a good term for the relationship between SEL, physical fitness, and good nutrition?
- A. Tools in a student's mental toolkit
- B. A positive feedback loop
- C. Biomechanical assets
- D. A healthy lifestyle triangle
- 18. Why is it key to invite your students into the decision-making process in your classroom from time to time?
- A. This lessens the amount of work you need to do and prepares students for the real world
- B. This teaches your students how to compromise
- C. This is not an important consideration, and may in fact cause mayhem at your school
- D. Allowing students to make at least certain choices invites them to be more enthusiastic and comfortable in their learning environment
- 19. What is one plausible reason that exercise is a good foundation for more effective study?
- A. It helps students feel more tired so they are calmer in class
- B. Better blood flow to vital organs, including the brain
- C. Exercise may lead to heightened anxiety levels, which can help stimulate work production
- D. Exercise can help students focus on negative thoughts, which will in turn allow them to forget them later
- 20. What's an effective strategy to help students and families want to sign up for the lunch program?
- A. Offering cheap, nutritious, and culturally-varied foods that you can tie in with lessons
- B. Making the plan more expensive while offering special meals
- C. Making the meal plan mandatory
- D. Offering numerous lectures about the importance of healthy eating

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