TeachME Professional Development Safeguarding the Well-Being of Teachers

- 1. Which of the following are most common examples of symptoms of chronic stress?
- A. Hunger, pain, and fear
- B. A messy home, a crowded schedule, and bad nutrition
- C. Poor time management and bad communication
- D. Feelings of inadequacy, recurring insomnia, and loneliness
- 2. Which statement most closely describes the link between teacher wellbeing and student performance?
- A. If teachers aren't feeling well, they can't teach.
- B. A happy, healthy teacher is more able to provide creative, engaging instruction and individualized student support.
- C. Teacher wellbeing comes at the direct expense of student performance, so teachers need to prioritize their students.
- D. There is no emperical link between teacher wellbeing and student performance.
- 3. Why is it important to keep a teacher's room or lounge bright, beautiful, and stocked with good snacks?
- A. Teachers need a place to relax, rejuvenate, and form healthy professional connections with other teachers.
- B. Teachers need a nice place to work on campus so they don't feel the need to go home early.
- C. When donors come to tour the school, it's important that every room looks nice.
- D. This should be a second priority; all school funds should go into brightening student-facing classrooms.
- 4. Which of the following isn't an attribute of an effective teacher wellness survey?
- A. Brevity; teachers are busy
- B. A succinct message at the top stating the purpose of the survey
- C. The clear indication that the labeled personal results of the survey will be made public
- D. A clear mix of questions about short-term implementations and long-term fixes

- 5. Why do administrators need to take ownership over teacher wellness—not just teachers themselves?
- A. Teachers don't need another thing to manage—and, often, teacher wellness is most dependent upon institutional change.
- B. Administrators are the ones in charge of everything that happens in a school, including the teachers.
- C. Administrators shouldn't take ownership over teacher wellness; teachers alone are responsible for self-care.
- D. Teachers should ensure first that administrators are happy and healthy so that the administrators can care for teachers.
- 6. What might be the most insidious effect on a classroom of students in which the teacher is depressed or chronically stressed?
- A. The students wouldn't have to get as much work done, because the teacher would probably just have them watch movies.
- B. The students would be fine, because we're seeing a trend in mental health topics becoming a dinner table conversation.
- C. A teacher's mental health doesn't have any effect on their students.
- D. The teacher's poor mental health could normalize depression or stress for students, who could be less likely to reach out for help as a result.
- 7. What was the (approximate) average teacher workweek increase due to COVID?
- A. From 30-40
- B. From 40-60
- C. From 35-45
- D. From 45-50
- 8. Prior to the pandemic, which emotions did surveyed teachers state that they experienced on a daily basis?
- A. Frustration, overwhelm, stress, tiredness, and happiness
- B. Zest, energy, joy, excitement, and wonder
- C. Fear, sadness, paranoia, anxiety, and more anxiety
- D. Boredom, accomplishment, growth, empathy, and cynicism
- 9. What is most specifically a definition of the vicious cycle of stress for teachers?
- A. Teacher eats something bad, gets stressed, doesn't have the energy to shop, gets more stressed

- B. Teacher gets overwhelmed by amount they have to grade, can't finish, another day goes by and they have to grade more
- C. Teacher stress isn't cyclic, it runs in parallel to other types of stress, such as parental stress
- D. Teacher experience stress, unconsciously provide lackluster education, students act out in class, teacher gets more stressed
- 10. Which of these is not a specific chronic stressor that modern teachers face?
- A. The lack of professional development teachers often have
- B. Chronic boredom from repeating the same tasks day after day
- C. The lack of personal autonomy that teachers enjoy with respect to their career trajectory
- D. An overwhelming workload
- 11. Each of the following can likely be direct cost of teacher stress EXCEPT:
- A. Teachers have difficulty focusing on their projects, tasks, and students
- B. Teachers needing abrupt sabbaticals or PTO because of burnout, along with costly subs
- C. Pressure actually helps teachers push their students to be more successful with assessments and other performance tasks
- D. Teacher stress gets passed on to students in negative or unproductive ways
- 12. In order to protect teacher vocal health, what could be a good investment for school staff?
- A. Practical workshops to help teachers recover from voice dysfunction or to exercise their voice properly and safely
- B. Microphones to ensure that teachers are able to speak loudly
- C. Macrophages to allow teachers to rest their voices
- D. Teach non-vocal skills to students so they don't ask so many demanding questions
- 13. What does Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs have to say about teacher wellbeing?
- A. We should expect teachers to put the needs of their students first, before their own
- B. When teachers are struggling with stress, they might need to take on more work so they can power through it
- C. We cannot expect teachers to carry out higher functions such as creativity and support for others if they're struggling with very primal needs
- D. Teacher wellbeing is a prerequisite to being a good student

- 14. What is a school 'tap-out' system?
- A. If a teacher gets overwhelmed over the course of the day, the teacher can send an SOS text and another teacher will come to manage their classroom for a brief respite B. If a teacher needs to "take a pause," there is a system in place for students to work
- quietly on their own for a few minutes
- C. If a teacher needs a brief moment to take a rest during the day, they tap their best students in to lead the class
- D. If teachers gets stressed and need a break, they can Tell A Principal that they need to step out for a few minutes
- 15. When should a teacher have access to professional development?
- A. Ideally, in protected blocks during the evening, so it does not interfere with work
- B. Only during the summer, to avoid being overwhelmed
- C. Never
- D. Only after a new teacher has been teaching for five years, so they've got the basics down
- 16. If you need to send an email on the weekend, but don't want to violate healthy weekend work/life boundaries, what's a good solution?
- A. Using the delayed email function
- B. Sending it anyway since you know not everyone will read it anyway
- C. Telling yourself that you'll just send the email on Monday morning
- D. Sending emails only to people who don't have boundaries around their weekends
- 17. What's a key benefit of small teacher support groups?
- A. Teachers who support each other won't file as many complaints to administration
- B. Teachers who have been part of such groups have reported that they feel liberated and validated
- C. Teacher support groups only happen outside of work hours, so as not to interfere with student support
- D. Teacher support groups are led by administrators, who can then go on and create systemic change
- 18. Why does trauma management training help both students and teachers?
- A. Teachers who learn trauma management techniques don't get traumatized
- B. Teachers who learn trauma management report that they feel better equipped to provide their students with more holistic academic support and mentorship

- C. Teachers who learn trauma management are equipped get jobs in psychological support roles
- D. Teachers who learn trauma management can provide healthcare support to students who are ill
- 19. What does 'control the controllable' mean in terms of teacher self-care?
- A. Getting a better job, so you can control more things.
- B. Being in control of your environment is the only way to care for yourself adequately.
- C. Focusing on the things you can control such as your mindset can boost happiness.
- D. You should relinquish control entirely, so you don't have as much to think about.
- 20. When practicing self-care strategies, teachers should prioritize expectations that are:
- A. Paramount
- B. Externally driven
- C. Student-centered
- D. Reasonable

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